Background Information for Teachers

Information on Learning Journeys Organisation

Name of organisation

When was the organisation founded?

Learning Objectives stated by the organisation

What is the purpose of the organisation?

What is the mission and vision of the organisation?

How is the organisation so important to Singapore?

- National Parks Board (NParks)
- 1990
- Combining the visual delights and rich biodiversity of our parks, gardens & nature reserves with thoughtfully-planned recreational activities, NParks facilitates visitors' communion with Nature
- NParks conserves, creates, sustains and enhances the green infrastructure of our City in a Garden.
- Responsible for providing and enhancing the greenery of Singapore.
- NParks also monitors and co-ordinates measures to ensure the health of Singapore's biodiversity.
- Mission: To create the best living environment through excellent greenery and recreation, in partnership with the community.
- Vision: Let's make Singapore our Garden.
- The organisation is important as National Parks Board (NParks) is responsible for providing and enhancing the greenery of the City in a Garden.
- Beyond green infrastructure, NParks is committed to enhancing the quality of life through creating memorable recreational experiences and lifestyles.
- NParks manages over 300 parks and 4 nature reserves. Adding to this is the extensive streetscape, or roadside greenery, that forms the backbone of our City in a Garden.
- An island-wide Park Connector Network is also being developed to link major parks and residential areas.
- As Singapore's scientific authority on nature conservation, NParks monitors and coordinates measures to ensure the health of Singapore's biodiversity.
- This supports the overall thrust of our urban biodiversity conservation model, which aims to conserve representative eco-systems in landscarce Singapore for future generations.
- NParks is also the lead agency in the efforts to continually upgrade the Landscape Industry in Singapore.
- It works closely with industry partners to

promote good work practices and create a thriving, innovative and professional industry that will support Singapore's aspirations of being a City in the Garden.

What are the NE messages / NE learning journey objectives that can be highlighted through this learning journey?

NE Messages:-

- Cultivate a sense of ownership for the environment where Singapore is our homeland, this is where we belong.
- Cultivate a sense of nationalism and pride in the students where we have confidence in our future.

Learning Objectives:-

- Provide students with relevant knowledge on the diversity of flora and fauna found in Singapore.
- Learn about various plants that are edible and understand the practical uses of these plants in the Kitchen Garden.
- To understand the process of how compost are produced and used in garden
- Instil a sense of how mangroves play an important role in Singapore
- Understanding Singapore: Its constraints,
 Challenges and Opportunities that with the ever changing landscape, our heritage might disappear if no one spreads word of it

In what ways do you suggest to make the learning journey relevant to students? (related to personal experiences or curriculum matters)

The visit can be tied with:

Site	Subject	Level	Topics
	, ,		My
A		Primary 2	neighbourhood
	Social		Singapore's
В	Studies		physical
	Studies	Primary 6	environment
A and B			Recreation in
A allu b			Singapore
	- Science		Diversity of living
A and B		Duine em . 2 C	and non-living
		Primary 3-6	things
Α	Science		Plant system
B		Drimary 6	Interaction within
В		Primary 6	the environment

Site A: Kitchen Garden

Site B: Mangrove Forest at Boardwalk

This learning journey can also be tied in with Values Education and Character Development as well.

Theme: Learning Journeys

Name of Activity: Adventures in the Kitchen Garden and Mangrove Forest

Venue/s:Pasir Ris ParkDuration:2 - 2.5hrsLevel/s:Primary 1-6

Pre-requisite/s: Nil

Introduction:

During the learning journey, students will get to explore the kitchen garden and the mangrove forest at the boardwalk. Through the learning journey, students will gain knowledge of plants in the kitchen garden and their uses and to appreciate the rich flora and fauna found in the mangrove forest. At the same time, they will learn about the importance of conserving our natural heritage in land-scarce Singapore for future generations and develop a sense of commitment and ownership of the parks and greenery.

Objectives of this Learning Journey:

- 1. Students will have fun as they walk and appreciate and learn various plants that are edible and understand the practical uses of these plants in the Kitchen Garden.
- 2. To understand the process of how compost are produced and used in garden
- 3. To enable students to appreciate the rich biodiversity of the flora and fauna that can be found in Singapore
- 4. To enable students to learn about the importance of mangroves in Singapore
- 5. Students will learn about the importance of conserving our natural heritage, develop a sense of commitment and ownership of the parks and green, and to protect our home and rich heritage.

National Education Message:

- Cultivate a sense of ownership for the environment where Singapore is our homeland, this is where we belong.
- Cultivate a sense of nationalism and pride in the students where we have confidence in our future.

Approaches

Programmes/Activities:

- The students will go on a learning journey to Pasir Ris Park.
- Guides assisted by teachers from the school, will lead and direct students in making various
 observations on the plants in the kitchen garden and the various species of flora and fauna
 that can be found in the mangroves.
- Teachers are to help remind students not to touch certain species of plants as they may pose a danger to themselves
- This will allow students to learn more about the plants and diversity of flora and fauna to meet the above learning objectives.
- Students will complete worksheets and take primary data (note taking and photographing) of all information which is required for the completion of an assignment or project.

Deployment:

- Guides will do a live commentary on the visit to Pasir Ris Park.
- School teachers are deployed to assist and also to help monitor and discipline students on site.

Assessment and Review:

- Students will complete the worksheets and activities individually or as a group.
- Students will be debriefed after the learning journey.
- As a post-activity, students will complete a reflection on their learning journey.
- Students will complete a feedback form.
- Students will complete an assignment or project based on their learning journey.

Lesson	Outline of Lesson	Period/s	Resources	Remarks
Lesson Structure: I	Pre-Lesson Journey			
Lesson 1 Introduction	 School Garden Students will be brought to their school garden and look out for the different garden animals that can be found there. Students are to complete the worksheet. 	1 (30mins)	Annex 1a	To enable students to learn more about nature.
	 Knowing more about NParks Show the corporate video of NParks Invite students to visit NParks website to: a. Know its mission (What it aims to do) and vision (What it desires to achieve) b. What it does in Singapore 		http://www.youtu be.com/watch?v=z KV9XxsANsE&featu re=related	To allow students to know more about NParks and what they do.
	 Briefing on Learning Journey to Pasir Ris Park Students are given a briefing on the scenario and learning journey objective. Picture Discussion Students will be introduced to Pasir Ris Park through a picture discussion (map of Pasir Ris Park). Teachers might want to make use of the 5Ws and 1H questions or the following guiding questions which be used to facilitate the discussion: What do you see in the picture? What would you consider doing at a Park? What type of amenities would you see in a park? Who do you think manages the park? What is a Kitchen Garden? What is a Mangrove? 		Annex 1b	 To prepare students and to provide information on the park that they will be visiting. To enable students to draw on their knowledge of the 5W1H questioning to know more about the park that they will be visiting.

Development	 Exploration of the features in Pasir Ris Park Students will be divided into groups to explore and research on the features at Pasir Ris Park. Provide the map of Pasir Ris Park for each group and pen down the features of the park. Each group will work on 2 park features to find out more information on them. They will choose 1 park feature from List A and one park feature from List B. List A List B (1) Mangrove Forest (2) Gallop Stable Cafe (3) Bicycle Kiosk (4) Eco Garden (5) Park Connectors 	2 (60 mins)	Annex 1c	 To motivate the students to learn and have a sense of ownership in their learning, they are given autonomy to research on the park features they have chosen. To incorporate the elements of independent, cooperative and collaborative learning where students are given the autonomy to research on the park features in a group setting.
	ReadingStudents are to read the factsheet on Pasir Ris Park.		Annex 2	To help students build on their knowledge of the park.
Closure	Reflections Students are to share with the class what they have researched on.	10 mins		 To sum up pupils' learning on NParks and Pasir Ris Park. To allow pupils to evaluate their group work.
Lesson Structure: I	During Learning Journey			
Lesson 2 Introduction	 History of NParks How parks have evolved? A comparison of Pasir Ris Park then and now. Guides are to conduct a brief presentation. 	15 mins		To enable students to know more about NParks and give them the context for the next stage of learning.

Development	Breakup Session 1	4 periods	Annex 3 (Kitchen	To enable students to explore
	 Mangrove Forest and Kitchen Garden 	(120	Garden)	the park features.
		mins)	Annex 4 (Mangrove	#44
	Breakup Session 2		Forest)	*Note the different living organisms
	Other features in the park Plant list for Kitch on Condan.			that one can see during low and high tide.
	Plant list for Kitchen Garden (i) Flore and Found list for Mangrava Forest			lide.
	(i) Flora and Fauna list for Mangrove Forest(ii) A softcopy of the storyboard can be found in the			
	Mangrove Forest			
	Worksheets			
	For lower primary students, teachers might want to make use		Annex 4a	
	of the worksheets found in Annex 4a as they are simplified		(Adventures in	
	and more suitable for them.		Pasir Ris Mangrove)	
Closure	The Way Forward	20mins		To sum up students' learning
	NParks involvement @ Pasir Ris Park and other parks			on NParks and Pasir Ris Park.
	in Singapore.			To enable students to reflect
	To emphasize its contribution to Singapore's progress. Its commitment and releasing purpose to work around.			on the achievements of
	 Its commitment and relentless pursuit to work around the constraints of land scarcity and the challenges of 			NParks and their possible involvement in making the
	improving the quality of its park for Singaporeans.			park a better place.
	improving the quality of its park for singaporeurs.			 To allow students to evaluate
	A sample closure:			how their group work
	Despite our scarcity in land, we managed to work			
	around this constraint with innovative ideas. E.g. Park			
	connectors and even a mangrove boardwalk and			
	stable within a park. NParks faced these constraints			
	squarely and managed to work around it. Talk about			
	its commendable efforts towards greening and nature			
	conservation, its commitment towards achieving its mission and vision.			
	THISSION AND VISION.			

	 Reflections Get students to share their thoughts on Pasir Ris Park. Suggested Supplementary Activity Teachers can get students to attempt the Pasir Ris Mangrove Quiz. Time allocated for the quiz is 30 mins. OR Students can also conduct interviews with the owners of these 2 park features (bicycle kiosks and Gallop Stable Cafe. Conduct a survey with the users of the parks on:	2 periods (60 mins)	Quiz	To further enhance the learning experience of students and to build up on their knowledge of Pasir Ris Park and the Mangrove.
Lesson Structure: P	Post Learning Journey		'	
Lesson 3 Introduction	Picture Discussion Use the following guiding questions: Where do you think this is? What do you see in the picture? When do you think the photo was taken? What are the changes that have taken place since then?	15mins	Picture of Pasir Ris Park	 To lead students in seeing what NParks has achieved over the years in making the park an ideal recreational place for Singaporeans. To set students into context for the next stage of learning.
	*Optional: The teacher might want to show the map of Pasir Ris Park in 1997 to show the park has evolved <u>Reflections</u>		Annex 5 (Reflection)	 To obtain feedback on students' learning experiences

	Students are to complete a reflection and a survey.		Annex 6 (Survey)	 on NParks and Pasir Ris Park. To evaluate if the learning objectives and the NE objectives are met. To allow pupils to evaluate how their group works.
Development	 Students will work together in a pair/group to promote Pasir Ris Park and the sites that they have visited and also to share their experiences of their visit in a blog entry Their blog entry will be assessed based on a set of rubrics. Teachers can show a sample of a blog to the students. 	3 periods (90 mins)	PowerPoint Slides Annex 7 (Task) Annex 8 (Rubrics)	 To consolidate students' learning through the reading one another's blog, students learn about other park features at Pasir Ris Park.
Closure	Class Activity Teachers are to go through the worksheet answers with students. Suggested Supplementary Activity One Step Beyond Instead of a blog entry, teachers can ask students to create brochures, worksheets for the site (as CIP), a website or a group presentation within a PBL context. Have a class poll on "My favourite blog."	10min	Annex 9 http://www.gotoq uix.com/pollcreate. html	 To sum up students' learning. To further enhance the learning experience of students and to build up on their knowledge of the parks.

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Worksheet Answers Annex 9

Annex 1a

No.	Animal I Spotted	Type of animal (e.g. insect, molluscan, amphibian, reptile, bird, fish etc.)	Tick below:	
			Beneficial To Plants	Harmful To Plants
1.	e.g. Earthworm	worm	✓	
2.	Butterfly	insect	✓	
3.	Snail	molluscan		✓
4.	Bird	bird	√	
5.	Millipede	worm	✓	
6.	Caterpillar	insect		✓
7.	Fish	fish	√	
8.				
9.				
10.				

Annex 1c

The organisation that manages parks in Singapore

• National Parks Board

List of features in Pasir Ris Park:

- Mangrove
- Kitchen Garden
- Playground
- Maze Garden
- Gallop Stable Cafe
- Bicycle Kiosk
- Eco Garden
- Park Connectors

The two park features are:

• Mangrove and Kitchen Garden

Annex 3

Five culinary herbs or spices in the Kitchen Garden:

- Citronella (used to produce citronella oil which repels insects)
- Basil (commonly known as "King of Herbs" due to its numerous uses in cooking)
- Lemon grass (for culinary use in dishes such as Assam Pedas)
- Curry leaf (highly valued as seasoning in South Indian and Sri Lankan cooking)
- Pandan leaf (added to nasi lemak and chicken rice for fragrance)
- Pepper
- Coriander
- Curry leaves

Two TCM herbs in the Kitchen Garden and its uses:

- Andrographis paniculata Common Andrographis Herb: is used to treat: influenza, headaches, sore throats, ulcerative gingivitis, acute tonsillitis
- Alternanthera sessilis Red Star-sky Alternanthera: is used to treat: edema, dysentery, "heaty" coughs, eczema
- Vitex trifolia Chaste Tree: is used to treat: influenza, dizziness, headaches, sore eyes (conjunctivitis), night blindness, sprains
- Hibiscus sabdariffa Roselle: Is used to treat: urinary tract infection, hypertension, coughs, traumatic Injuries
- Thyme: is made into a herbal tea with honey and used as a remedy for sore throats scratchy coughs.
- Basil Leaves: is made into a herbal tea and helps with indigestion.

Describe and draw one plant



- Hairy stems
- Simple opposite green leaves
- Strongly scented

Conditions for plants to grow well

- Sufficient Sunlight (So that the plant can produce energy and food for itself through photosynthesis)
- A place with suitable temperature
- Good Soil
- Protection (from bugs, pests, pets, etc.)
- Water (to keep the soil moist)

Compost Tumbler:

- Uses: Helps transforms the garden waste into a valuable and nutrient rich food for the
 garden and I used in gardens, landscaping, horticulture, and agriculture. The compost is used
 as a soil conditioner, a fertilizer and as a natural pesticide for soil. In ecosystems, compost is
 useful for erosion control, land and stream reclamation, wetland construction and as landfill
 cover.
- Materials needed: Plastic, rubber or wood

Four Vegetable plants found in the Kitchen Garden:

- Chilli
- Sweet potato
- · Lady's finger
- Tapioca

Annex 4 Mangrove Swamp

Four interesting fauna species in mangrove:

- Giant mudskipper
- Mud-lobster
- Telescopium snail
- Tree-climbing crabs

Distance of mangrove:

2 km

Describe 1 plant species:

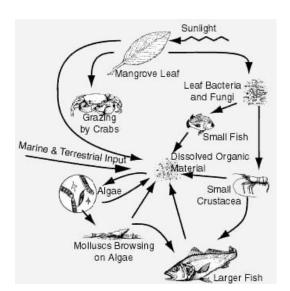
Nipah Palm

- Palm-shaped leaves are very long
- Flowers appear on a long stalk
 Fruits are chestnut brown, in cluster forming a globular shape
- Each fruit bears one seed
- Stem of this palm is mostly horizontal and even underground
- Prop roots which arch out from the tree into the soil

Adaptation of an organism (animal, fungus, plant, micro-organism)

- Special "breathing roots" sticking out of the mud.
- At high tide, the roots of mangrove plants are fully immersed in seawater, while at low tide they are exposed to the sun.
- The soil is fine-grained and rich in organic matter, but lacks oxygen below the surface. These roots help the mangrove plants breathe in the oxygen-poor soil.

Possible food wed in mangrove

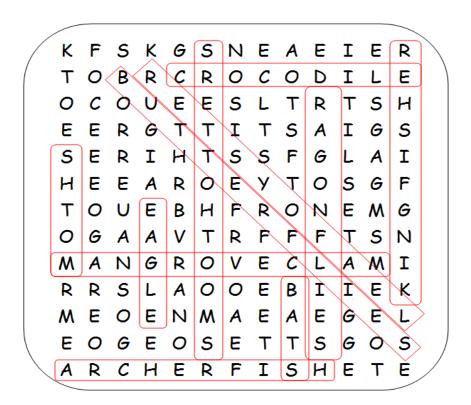


Taken from http://www.tumbybay.com/attractmangrove.htm

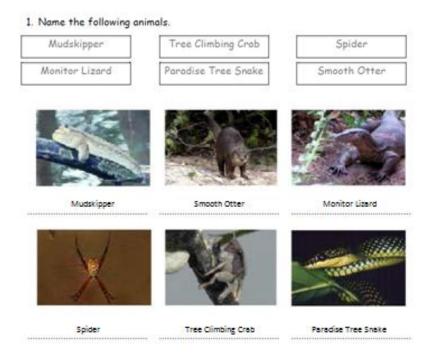
One problem that may lead to the destruction of the Mangrove Forest

• Human activities such as reclamation and pollution

Word Search



Annex 4a



2. What is the colour of the Sea Hibiscus flower?

				Blue Yellow			
				Red			
3. Fil	ll in the blank	ks to find out who	t the creatures	are saying		5-	ı
-	GATES	CLIMB	CRAWL	EYES	- 9	The same	
i)	LAND	WATER	MUDSKIPP	ER SKIN	- 6	10000	ì
****	eyes	rest on top of	my head. I	take in o	xygen thr	ough my	
2900	climb	up the roots of a	tree.				
ii)	LEAVES	KINGFIS	HER WAT	ER	TREE	34	4
	WATER MC	NITOR LIZARD	SIX 1	TREE CLIM	BING CRA	IB B	E A
Hi,	I am the		ree dimbing lizard		I e	at mainly	
*****	leaves	During high tide	. I climb up	tree	to av	roid being	
eat	en by fishes	. I must stand o	utside the wat	er or I wil	be eater	by birds	
suc	h asmuds	kipper and the	Malayan	monitor	fizerd	I can	
	h trace of u	siv	metres				

iii) MALAYAN WATER MONITOR LIZARD

FISH BITE WATER

TREES TAIL



Hello, I am the the	Malayan water monitor lizard	I love to hunt
forfish and a	om also an expert in climbing	trees Do not try
to catch me because I	will try to <u>bite</u> or lash	out with my powerful
tail When st	artled, I will dive into the	water to escape.

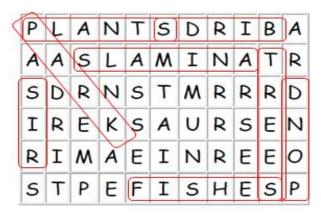
4. Put the following in the correct boxes.

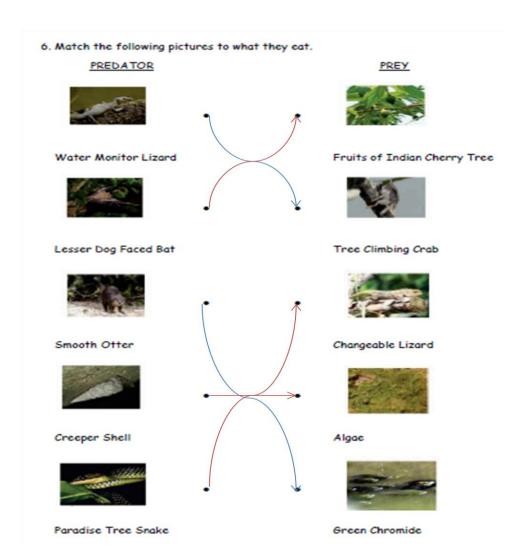
BIRDS	FISHES	PLANTS	MAMMALS
Kingsfisher	Mullet	Simpoh Air	Bats
Woodpecker	Halfbeak	Sea Hibiscus	Otter
Heron	Mudskipper	Cattail	Squirrel
Piegon	Archerfish	Fern	Wildboard
KINGFISHER	HALFBEAK	OTTER	WILDBOAR
CATTAIL	MULLET	BAT	MUDSKIPPER
HERON	FERN	SQUIRREL	ARCHERFISH
WOODPECKER	PIEGON	SIMPOH AIR	SEA HIBISCUS

5. Word Search

Find 10 words related to Pasir Ris Park.

PASIR RIS PARK POND BIRDS NATURE FISHES PLANTS ANIMALS TREES





7. Match the following correctly by joining the dots.

