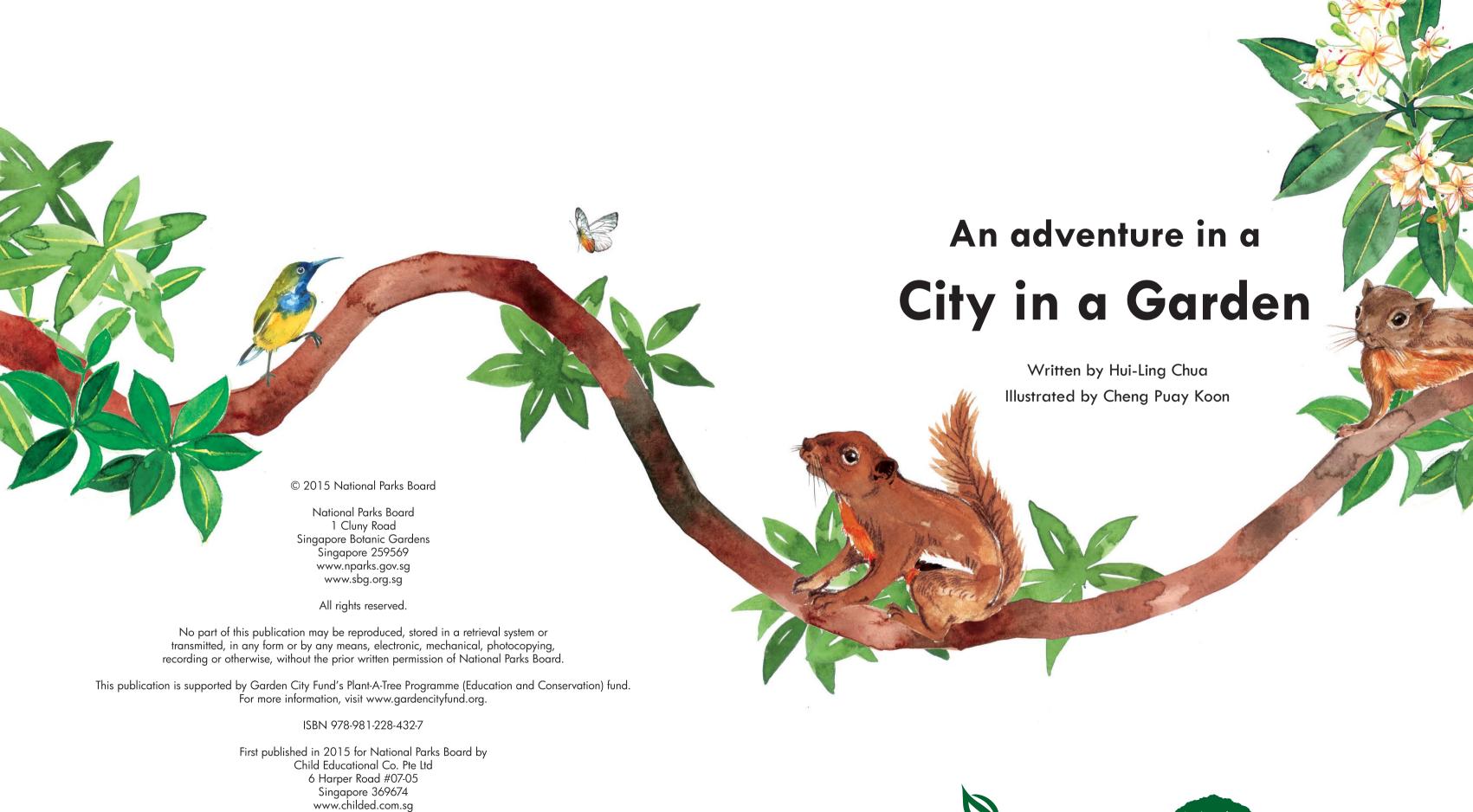


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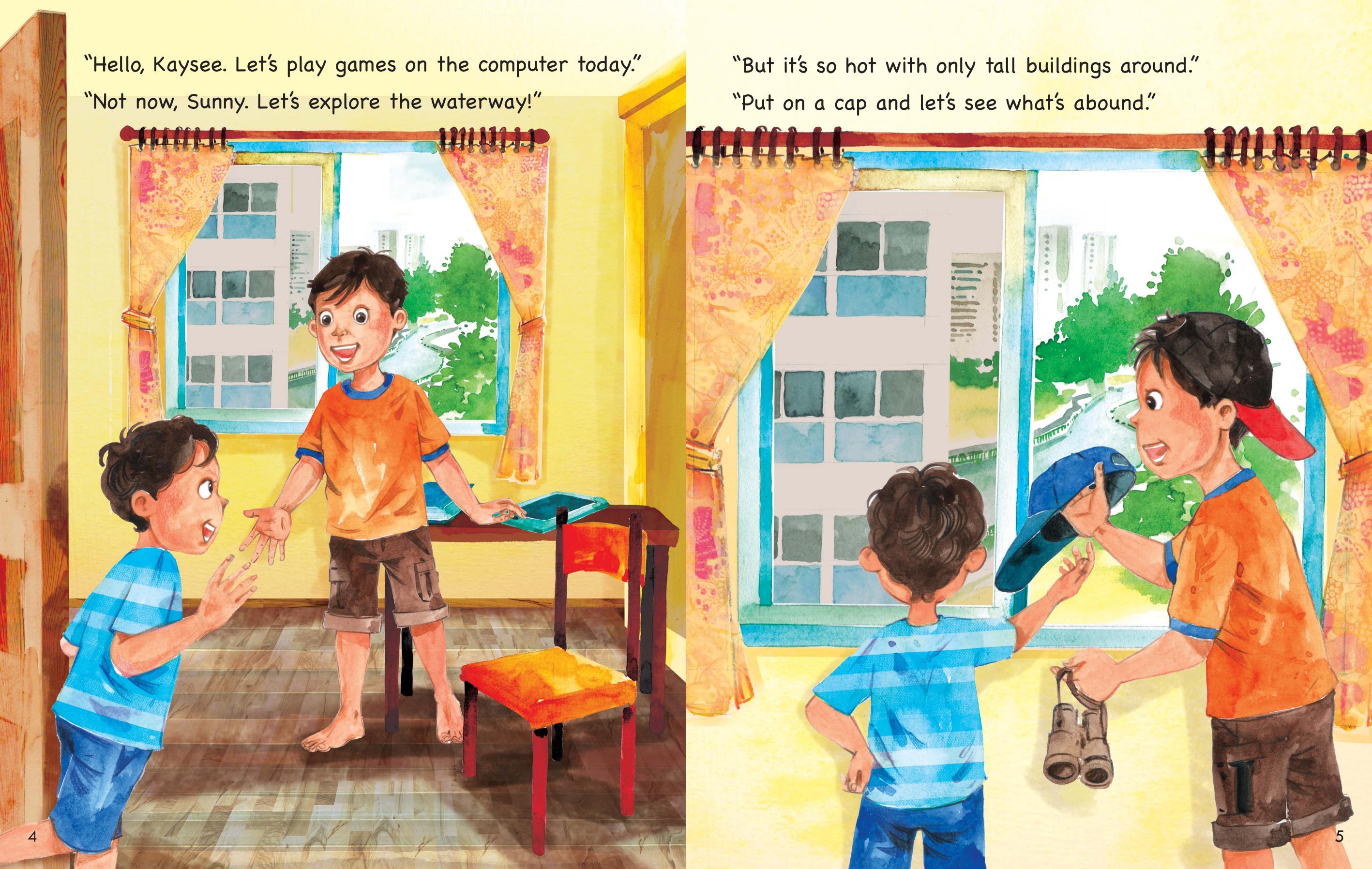
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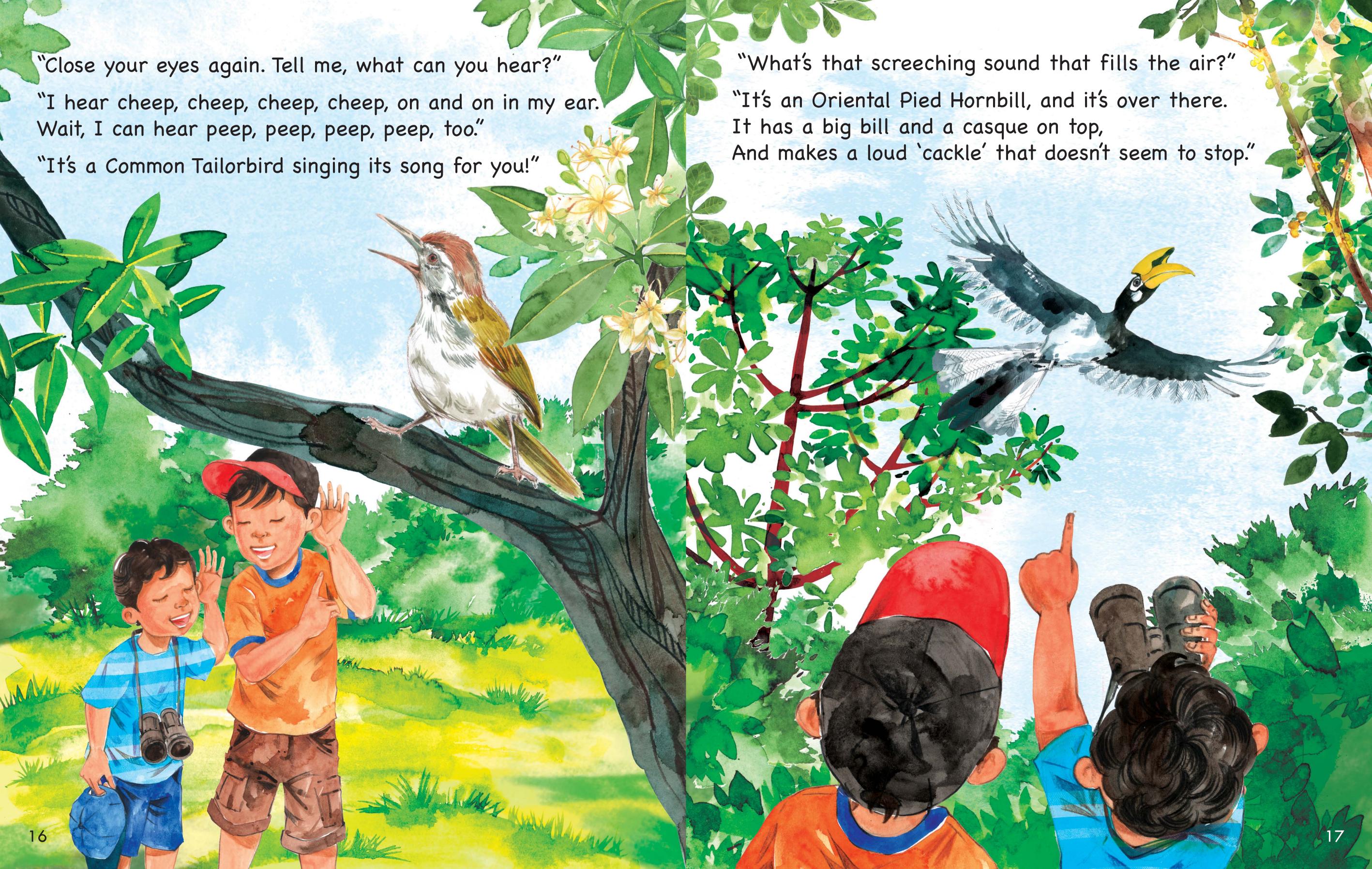


















Biodiversity Featured in the Story



Purple Heron

- This is a large bird.

 It can be as tall as a small child!
- It feeds on fish, frogs, insects and even snakes.
- It can often be found next to rivers, coastal areas and mangroves.

Long-tailed Parakeet

- This bird can be easily identified by its long, pointed tail.
- It has beautiful, emerald-green feathers.
- It makes a high-pitched screech.



Asian Toad

- This toad has bumps on its sides and back which are called warts.
- It feeds on insects.
- It sleeps during the day and is active at night.



Cattail

- This plant can be found growing along river banks.
- The sausage-like part on the top of the stalk is actually a cluster of flowers.
- It is called 'cattail' because when the flowers open up, the flower cluster looks like the tail of a cat.

Swamp Fern

- This plant can grow up to 3 m tall.
- Its new leaves are orange to red in colour.
- As its leaves grow older, their colour changes to green.



Pond Skater

- This bug can walk on water!
- ► It likes water that is still or slow-moving, such as the kind found in ponds and streams.
- ► It uses its front legs to catch small insects to eat.



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Forest Fighting Fish

- This fish can be found in fast-flowing forest streams.
- Sometimes it will fight with other fishes for territory.
- The babies live in the mouth of their father, until they are big enough to take care of themselves.





Painted Jezebel

- This butterfly is commonly seen in Singapore.
- It can fly rather high, even up to tree-top level.
- It feeds on nectar from flowers.

Plantain Squirrel

- This squirrel is commonly seen in Singapore.
- It is easily identified from the cream and black stripes on its sides.
- It feeds mainly on fruits.

Tembusu

- This tree has fragrant, cream coloured flowers.
- It bears little red berries.
- Its wood is very strong, and can be used to make chopping boards.





Common Tailorbird

- This bird is called a 'tailorbird' because it can sew!
- ► It builds its nest by sewing large leaves together.
- Using its beak, it makes tiny holes along the edges of the leaves, then threads plant fibres or spider web silk through them.

Oriental Pied Hornbill

- This bird is easily identified by the horn-like casque on top of its beak.
- It nests in tree holes.
- It feeds on fruits, insects, lizards and sometimes small birds.



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Smooth-coated Otter

- ► This otter is covered in fur that is short, smooth and sleek.
- It is a very good swimmer.
- It feeds mainly on fish.

Brahminy Kite

- The Brahminy Kite is a large bird of prey.
- It is mostly covered in chestnut brown feathers, and has a white head and breast.
- It sometimes rides on spirals of hot air, so that it does not need to flap its wings so much.
 When it does so, it looks like it is circling in the sky.



Malayan Water Monitor

- This is one of the largest lizards in the world.
- It has a forked tongue.
- It is a good swimmer.